

# FLUID SYSTEMS® TFC® SR100 8" Elements

Hard Overwrap Low Pressure, Selective Rejection Elements

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION							
Membrane Chemistry:	nbrane Chemistry: Proprietary TFC® polyamide chemistry						
Membrane Type:	SR100 - selective rejection nanofiltration						
Molecular weight cut-off:	f: 300 Daltons						
Construction:	Spiral wound with fiberglass Outerwrap						
Applications:	Separation of higher molecular weight components (>300 Dalton) and multivalent ions from various feed solutions, hardness and sulfate removal from seawater and chloralkali process stream						

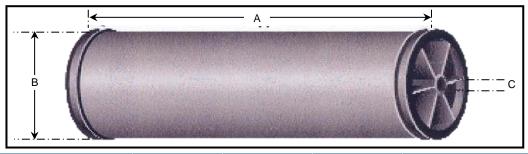
SPECIFICATIONS								
Model	Nominal Permeate Flow gpd (m³/d)	Nominal Rejection	Feed Spacer mil (mm)	Active Membrane Area ft <sup>2</sup> (m <sup>2</sup> )				
8040-SR100-400	11,500 (43.5)	98.0%	28 (0.7)	400 (37.2)				
8040-SR100-400-34	11,500 (43.5)	98.0%	34 (0.9)	400 (37.2)				

Test Conditions: 2,000 mg/l MgSO<sub>4</sub> in deionized water at 70 psi (485 kPa) applied pressure, 15% recovery, 77°F (25°C), pH 7.5

OPERATING AND DESIGN INFORMATION*						
Typical Operating Pressure:	200 - 600 psi (1,380 - 4,140 kPa)					
Maximum Operating Pressure:	600 psi (4,140 kPa)					
Maximum Operating Temperature:	122°F (50°C)					
Maximum Cleaning Temperature:	113°F (45°C)					
Maximum Continuous Free Chlorine:	< 0.1 mg/l					
Allowable pH – Continuous Operation:	4 - 10					
Allowable pH – Short Term Cleaning:	1.7 - 11.5					
Maximum Differential Pressure Per Element:	10 psi (69 kPa)					
Maximum Differential Pressure Per Vessel:	60 psi (414 kPa)					
Maximum Feed Turbidity:	1 NTU					
Maximum Feed SDI (15 minute test):	5					

<sup>\*</sup>Consult KSS Process Technology Group for specific information.

## **NOMINAL DIMENSIONS**



Model	Α		E	В		С		ight	Part Numbers		
	inches	mm	inches	mm	inches	mm	lbs	kg	Interconnector	O-ring	Brine Seal
All models	40	1,016	8	203	1.125	29	44	20	0035260	0035464	0035705

<sup>\*</sup> Dimensions are provided for reference only and should not be interpreted as accurate specifications.

## **OPERATING GUIDELINES**

## Performance:

Performance specifications shown on the front side of this document are nominal values. Individual element permeate flows may vary +20/-15% from the values shown. Minimum magnesium sulfate rejection is 97.0% at the conditions shown.

Selective Rejection SR100 nanofiltration membrane performance is highly dependent on feed chemistry, temperature, pH, and solution concentration. Performance can only be accurately known through pilot study. KSS strongly recommends that the appropriate pilot studies be conducted to determine suitability for a given application.

## **Operating Limits:**

- Operating Pressure: Maximum operating pressure is 600 psi (4,140 kPa). Typical operating pressure for SR100 systems is in the range of 150 psi (1,035 kPa) to 250 psi (1,725 kPa). Actual operating pressure is dependent upon system flux rate (appropriate for feed source) as well as feed salinity, recovery and temperature conditions.
- Permeate Pressure: Permeate pressure should not exceed feed-concentrate pressure by more than 5 psi (34 kPa) at any time (on-line, off-line and during transition).
- Differential Pressure: Maximum differential pressure limits are 10 psi (69 kPa) per element. Maximum differential pressure for pressure vessel is 60 psi (414 kPa).
- Temperature: Maximum operating temperature is 122°F (50°C). Maximum cleaning temperature is 113°F (45°C).
- pH: Allowable range for continuous operation is pH 4-10.
  Allowable range for short term cleaning is pH 1.7-11.5. It is recommended to limit the exposure of the SR100 membrane to the extended pH range to 4 hours, once per month.
- Turbidity and SDI: Maximum feed turbidity is 1 NTU.
  Maximum feed Silt Density Index (SDI) is 5.0 (15-minute test) while recommended SDI15 of feed is 3 or less.

- Experience has shown that feedwater with turbidity greater than 0.2 NTU generally results in frequent cleanings.
- Recovery: Maximum recovery is site and application specific. In general, single element recovery is approximately 15% per element.

#### **Chemical Tolerance:**

- Chlorine: Exposure of SR100 membrane to free chlorine or other oxidizing agents such as permanganate, ozone, bromine and iodine is not recommended. SR100 membrane has a free chlorine tolerance of approximately 2,000 ppm-hours based on testing at 77°F (25°C), pH 8. This tolerance may be significantly reduced if catalyzing metals such as iron are present or if the pH and/or temperature are different. Sodium metabisulfite (without catalysts such as cobalt) is the preferred reducing agent. SR100 membrane has a chloramine tolerance of approximately 60,000 ppm-hours in the absence of free chlorine based on testing at 77°F (25°C), pH 8.
- Cationic (Positively Charged) Polymers and Surfactants: SR100 membrane may be irreversibly fouled if exposed to cationic (positively charged) polymers or surfactants. Exposure to these chemicals during operation or cleaning is not recommended.

## **Lubricants:**

For element loading, use only the recommended silicone lubricant (or approved equivalent), water or glycerin to lubricate O-rings and brine seals. The use of petroleum-based lubricants or vegetable-based oils may damage the element and void the warranty.

#### **Service and Ongoing Technical Support:**

KSS has an experienced staff of professionals available to assist end users and OEM's for optimization of existing systems and support with the development of new applications. Along with the availability of supplemental technical bulletins, KSS also offers a complete line of membrane cleaners, RO pretreatment and maintenance chemicals.

The information contained in this publication is believed to be accurate and reliable, but is not to be construed as implying any warranty or guarantee of performance. We assume no responsibility, obligation or liability for results obtained or damages incurred through the application of the information contained herein. Refer to Standard Terms and Conditions of Sale and Performance Warranty documentation for additional information